THE No. 193.

MARYLAND GAZETTE

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

WEDNESDAY, *January* 4, 174[illegible].

HYMN *to the* SUPREME BEING.

GREAT God! whose Power o'er Heav'n and Earth presides;
Whose Eye beholds me, and whose Wisdom guides;
Deal me that Portion of Content and Rest,
That unknown Peace, and Health that suits me best:
Save me from all the Guilt, and all the Pain,
Which Lust of Pleasure brings, or Thirst of Gain.
In Tryal fix me, and in Perils shade;
'Gainst Fear protect me, 'gainst my Passions aid:
That sweet Sensation teach me to impart,
Transport to feel!——Benevolence of Heart.
Each home-felt Joy each public Duty lend;
Make me, and give me, all Things in a Friend.
But most protect and guard me in a Mind,
Nor rashly bold, nor abjectly resign'd.
And Oh! when Int'rest every Virtue hides,
When Error blinds, and Prejudice misguides,
Alike thy Grace, alike thy Truth impart,
Beam on my Soul, and triumph o'er my Heart:
Thy Word, O God, my Science and Delight,
Talk of my Day, and Transport of my Night;
There taught, that he who suffers is but try'd,
And he who wanders still may find a Guide;
Sanction with Truth, Reward with Virtue join'd,
Life without End, and Laws that reach the Mind.
Thrice happy he, who such a Guide can take;
For God hath spoke, and God will not forsake.

AIX LA CHAPELLE, Sept. 10.

THE extraordinary preparations, which for many days have been so much talk'd of at this place, for St. Lewis's day, have ended in nothing more than a grand dinner, which the count de St. Severin that day gave, and that lasted four hours, at which not only the foreign ministers, but a great number of officers from the garrisons of Limbourg and Maestricht, and particularly the regiment of Normandy, assisted. Every body expected that the front of the house would have been finely illuminated, and that some pipes of wine and hogsheads of beer would have been given to the populace; but the people were disappointed, there was nothing of all this; for as for the illumination, it only consisted of about twenty tallow candles, artfully enough fixed under the arch of the gate of entrance, which served to give light to the [illegible], and greale peoples cloaths, which was the unlucky case of many that were there. As to the entertainment itself, it was splendid, and served in a vast number of silver dishes, the fashion and fine taste of which excited the admiration of all that were present. There were moreover about 50 Swiss soldiers, which his excellency had caused to be brought, as well to carry in the dishes, as to keep good order. The feast passed over very joyfully, and ended with a sort of ball, to which every body of fashion was well received. There only wanted one thing to render this great day illustrious and never to be forgotten, which was the publication of the peace, whereof there was not so much as a single word spoken; and this shews that it is not much nearer than the evacuation of the conquer'd places. There were some people however weak enough to lay wagers, that after dinner was over, all the plenipotentiaries would repair to the townhouse, in order to confer there for some small time, and that afterwards the peace would be publish'd upon the beating of kettle drums and sounding of trumpets. The counts Kaunitz and St. Severin live here in the most perfect intelligence, and continue as heretofore to have secret and [illegible] interviews and conferences.

From the Paris A-la-main, September [illegible].

According to letters from Genoa, of the [illegible] instant, the motive which induced the state to [illegible] the release of the Austrian officers, who were prisoners of war in that city, at the request of general [illegible], was the refusal of granting the same license to the four hostages of the republic, who have been so long confined at Milan, notwithstanding the pressing occasion they are under of returning home for the recovery of their health.

These letters add, that the correspondence between that city and Lombardy remains still suspended. The ceremony of crowning the Doge has been perform'd there with the usual solemnity. The government has thought fit to reform three regiments in it's service, but in such a manner that all the private men have been incorporated into other battalions, which were very much weakened. The advices from Spezia say, that the Austrians were by little and little quitting the dominions of the republic, and that the English consul, who had retired during the troubles to Leghorn, was preparing to return to Genoa, where the public tranquility is now perfectly restored.

Two ordinances of the king have been lately published, relative to the reform of the troops, the first of which reduces to four companies the regiment of royal Cantabrians, which consisted of six; the rest of that ordinance contains the same fonds with respect to the officers and the Hussars, that was inserted in those formerly made public.

The second reduces to twelve companies each, all the following regiments; viz. that of the Commissary general, Royal Poland, Dauphin, Penthievre, [illegible], [illegible], La Vielville, Maugiron, La Rochefoucault, [illegible], [illegible], Dampiette, and Descars de Segur.

His majesty, who has been ever since Monday last at Choisy, will return this evening to Versailles.

From the London Gazette.

Paris, Sept. 16. The reform of the troops begins to be put in execution, for ten men of each company in the French and Swiss regiments of guards were dismissed yesterday; and two ordinances have been publish'd, dated the 1st instant, the one enjoining a battalion in each of the regiments of Limosin, Dauphin, Segur, Royal Vollson, and La Couronne, to be disbanded; and the other, dated the same day, ordering, that the light arm'd troops of the Grassins, which consist together of 1500 men, should be reduced to [illegible], of whom [illegible] are to be horse. Those of Morliere, and [illegible] Volunteers, consisting also of 1200 men each, will be reduced to 980, of which 660 are to be foot and the rest horse. The foreign regiment of Geschrey, of [illegible] men, will also be reform'd, and [illegible] of them are to serve as foot, and the rest as horse. The Hussar corps of Fletcher will likewise be reduced to 300 men, of which 150 are to be foot, and the rest horse.

Newcastle, Sept. 10. Notwithstanding it has been said in the public papers, that the justices of the several counties had reported to the privy council, that the distemper amongst the horned cattle had entirely ceased, we are sorry we have to inform our readers, by a letter from Burton upon Trent, that the distemper has broke out afresh there, and rages with as much violence as ever.

LONDON.

September 15. We hear that a plan for building a new palace at St. James's is drawn, and will be presented to his majesty for his approbation, when he returns to England.

We hear that the crews of 75 men of war will not be paid their full pay, nor discharged, but receive part of payment, in order to keep them in his majesty's service.

They write from Venice, that a Quarantain of three weeks has been imposed on all ships coming from the Levant, occasioned by the apprehensions they are under from a contagious distemper, which has [illegible] itself at Alexandria, and [illegible]

ral other places. The same letters say, that they have an account from Constantinople of the deposition of several great ministers, and that the fermentation among the populace still continues.

Sept. 13. They write from Paris, that several Goldsmiths and Jewellers are employ'd by the court in making up a great variety of rich curiosities, which are to be disposed of in presents at the ensuing marriage of a daughter of France with the prince of Piedmont, and on the arrival here of her sister from Spain in her way to Italy. Those letters likewise say, that king Stanislaus is much indisposed since his return to Lunneville, whither the queen has sent two of her physicians to attend him. The authors of some lampoons, that have been spread upon a very numerous ecclesiastical promotion which his most christian majesty has lately made, have been imprison'd and it is thought will be very severely punish'd. So dangerous a thing is it to have wit in a country govern'd by *asses*.

The great business of setting at liberty the Dutch prisoners of war in France, is said to be entirely adjusted, and that they have receiv'd notice to hold themselves in readiness to march at a day's warning. The Abbe de la Ville will return to the Hague, in order to resume the functions of his ministry about the beginning of October, when it is said that a new Dutch embassador is expected at Paris. The royal lottery lately open'd there goes on but slowly, most people that have money, shuning rather to employ it in trade, as that begins to become very brisk on the prospect of the approaching peace, and the great demand for French manufactures in different parts of Europe.

They write from Liege, that all the light-arm'd troops of France, in that neighbourhood, are in full march for Avesnes, between the Sambre and the Meuse, where they are to be review'd by the inspector-general, and reform'd, pursuant to the instructions that he has already receiv'd from the French court. It is believ'd, that a great part of them will be pick'd up by the German officers that are recruiting in those parts for different powers, and those that do not enter into foreign service are to have passports and money given them, in order to return to the places of their former abode.

Several merchants at Amsterdam have receiv'd advice, that the new company form'd at Venice, for promoting the trade of the north, have resolv'd to prosecute that scheme with the utmost vigour; and that, besides a large ship freighted for Petersbourg, which has already passed the sound, they are actually equipping four others, that will speedily sail for Hambourg, Dantzick, Copenhagen and Stockholm, with all sorts of rich commodities and manufactures from Naples, Florence, Leghorn, and other parts of Italy, and large quantities of goods from the Levant.

Our letters from the Hague, by the last mail, are not so sanguine as formerly, with respect to the speedy signing of the peace; but, on the contrary, suggest that as a resolution has been taken to leave nothing to be adjusted in a future congress, this will necessarily occasion a considerable delay in discussing a great variety of important points, that were not formerly judged requisite to be adjusted by the definitive treaty. Those letters likewise say, that it is thought not a little strange there, to see so many ministers from different courts repairing to Aix la Chapelle, while at present there is no talk of a minister plenipotentiary from that of Berlin; and they likewise observe, that the last letters from Vienna say, that the count de Podewils is gone to meet his master in Silesia, and that the departure of count Chotzek, for Berlin, is a thing as yet not absolutely settled.

On friday last a man for a trifling wager, undertook to drink a quart of geneva, at an alehouse in Puckthorp in Norfolk, by a quarters at a time; he drank it without seeming to be affected with it, but whilst he was drinking the seventh, he fell down, was taken speechless, and continued so till five o'clock the next afternoon, and then died, leaving a wife and children behind him.

A few days since the following act of barbarity was committed in St. George's fields. A young woman servant to Mr. Holliday, a hop-merchant in Tooley-street, having had leave from her mistress to go and see some friends in Holborn, in her return home was met by three fellows, about nine in the evening, who ravished her; and one of them proposed murdering her to prevent a discovery, which being over-ruled by the other two, he desisted from it, but in return committed the most shocking and unheard of indecencies upon the unfortunate young woman, lay in this condition above an hour before she was discover'd, when she was carried home, and the next day sent to St. Thomas's hospital, where she died of her wounds. Before she gave the above account on oath. Two of the above villains are taken up, and committed to the new Jail; and the third, who is a clerk to a brewer, is since absconded; but it is hoped that he will be taken, and brought to condign punishment.

On Saturday night last, just before eight o'clock, as Mr Fletcher, jun. a vinegar-merchant in Goodman's fields, was coming up the road to Whitechapel, he was forc'd over the mount by three fellows dress'd like sailors, who knock'd him down, beat and abus'd him in a very barbarous manner, and took from him his gold watch and a sum of money.

Yesterday a fellow went into the pale and crown on Millbank, Westminster, and stole wet linnen out of the garden; he was immediately pursued, taken, and carried to a coffee house in bridges-street, where he endeavour'd to escape by jumping out of a window; but he was again re-taken, and carried before Thomas Ellys, Esq; and committed to the Gatehouse. He prov'd to be one Cartwright, a stone sawyer.

Extract of a Letter from Breslau.

"I take this opportunity of sending you a melancholy account of the mischiefs done here by the locusts, which has been carefully collected, and upon the truth of which in every respect you may very safely depend.

On the 20th of August an incredible multitude arrived at Lampersdorff, in the Bernstadt, there they formed in a column, and taking flight about noon, continued their passage for four hours over the forest of Minchau. These insects having passed the Oder, settled about the country of Ohlau; and after eating up every thing that was to be found at Rochlau and Beckeren, they continued their passage again to Ielsch.

On the 22d another swarm of these devouring creatures came from Patschkau to Ober Schrettendorff, where they fell upon two gardens, and ruin'd every thing that was in them. As they were a little straitned in their quarters, they lay one upon another in heaps, to the height of one's knee; and being driven from thence, they eat up all the grass in the meadow, and even all the rushes and reeds about the village of Deutsch Jackel: And from thence they continued their flight to Heben Gierstorff, where they destroyed several fields of buck wheat. As yet we have no farther account of the excursions of this body.

A third prodigious swarm passed in the evening of the 22d by Zinckel. On the 23d they fell about Losdorff; on the 24th they passed by Schonbrun, Prieborn, and Siebenhuben, and at length took up their quarters in the village of Datzdorff, where they lay one upon another a full quarter of a yard high, taking up a quarter of a league in length, and about half that space in breadth. All the fruits of the earth that are not got in, as well as the grass, reeds, and in short every green thing, is totally destroyed. They tried at first to drive them away with poles, but to no purpose: At length somebody very luckily thought of beating a drum, upon which they immediately took flight, but settled soon after upon the trees in the forest, from whence they were driven by the same means.

They made their retreat by Munsterberg, and then passed thro' the county of Glatz into Bohemia, where they had committed dreadful devastations on the lands of count Wallis. Their insects are about the length of one's finger, and of all colours, grey, green, yellow, black, red and brown. Some people pretend to say, that each of these bands has a captain of a most enormous size; this is certain, that they leave behind them an intolerable stench. Some of the inhabitants of the county have observed, that they make holes in dry earth, about the depth of one's finger, where they lay their eggs; which the peasants are endeavouring to destroy, by double plowing their land.

It is very remarkable, that the same evening they quitted Lampersdorff, three great swarms of winged ants passed by the same place, as if they had been in pursuit of them. Some people were foolish enough to endeavour to stop them, but as this drew the whole swarm upon them, they were quickly weary of that sort of diversion.

There is an account that Signior Capello, embassador from the republic of Venice, with his lady, returning home through Switzerland, was attack'd by near 300 Swiss soldiers, who were deserters from the French army, and rifled of their effects. No hurt was done to their persons, but it is reported his excellency's servants, as they had made some resistance, were kill'd, not having been heard of.

There is advice from Antigua, that there is great plenty of French goods at that and other islands; that the inhabitants of Martinico are in a starving condition, and that their East India ships were sailed for France.

JOHN

St. JOHN's Antigua, September 25.

On tuesday arrived his majesty's ship Comus, commanded by capt. Tyrrel, from a short cruize, having taken, on the 6th instant, to the Northward of Sombrero, a Spanish ship of about 200 tons, bound from the Havanna to St. Thomas, and sent her into St. Kitts. Her loading consists of Indigo, Logwood, Fustick, Tobacco, tann'd Hides, and some Tortoise shell, with about 2000 dollars, which were concealed in a beef-barrel. This, it is supposed, is one of the last prizes taken this war in the West-Indies; and that by a commander, remarkable for his good conduct and great success in taking the ships of the enemy, during the whole war.

Capt. Elmore, who sail'd from this place about six weeks ago, bound to Maryland, was taken a few days after, and carried into Porto Rico.

ANNAPOLIS.

Last Thursday-Night and Friday Morning we had a violent Westerly Wind (which succeeded a great Rain), that has done considerable Damage, especially in the Country; having blown down many Houses, and kill'd several Negroes. In Town it blew off the Roof of a large new unfinish'd House, and did other Damage.

We hear from *Cecil* County, that a malignant Kind of Small-Pox, and Pleurisies, are very rife there, and carry off great Numbers.

Custom-House, ANNAPOLIS, *Entered*,

Sloop Charming Patty, Nathaniel Parsons, from Boston;
Schooner Spry, William Fleet, from Barbados;
Snow St. Andrew, Thomas Johnson, from Glasgow;
Schooner Charming Polly, John Birtall, from Barbados;
Schooner Samuel, Anthony M'Culloch, from Virginia.

Cleared,

Schooner Dove, Gersham Spear, for Boston;
Sloop Endeavour, Benjamin Ingram, for Rhode Island
Schooner Samuel, Anthony M'Culloch, for Virginia.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

To be dispos'd of for Sterling, Gold, Paper Currency, or any merchantable Exports or Imports, to be deliverable at a certain Price, Time, and Place, as may be agreed on,

A Compleat *London*-made Four Wheel Chaise, fitted up in the neatest and most fashionable Manner, contrived so as (when necessary) to carry very commodiously as many as a Coach; at other Times no more than a common Chaise; It is very light and easy, and extremely strong; and may be viewed at Mr. *John Tarvell's*, in *Annapolis*. For Terms of Sale apply to the Printer hereof.

N. B. As it came in for a Gentleman in *Virginia*, who died soon after, it will be sold cheap. There is also a Pair of good Horses, that match well, and draw very safe and well together; which may be had with the Chaise, if required.

Maryland, ss. WHereas Mr. *Jonathan Forward*, Merchant in *London*, has signified to the Subscriber his Intentions of declining the *Maryland* Trade, and delivering it up to Messieurs *Sydenham* and *Hodgson* (as he has already done the *Virginian*); all Persons indebted to the said *Jonathan Forward* (by any Transactions with me) are desired to come and settle their respective Accounts, and pay them off by the 20th Day of *February* next at farthest. Also those who are indebted to me on my private Account, are likewise desired to come and settle by that Time; And whoever has any Demands on me, they shall be duly paid; I intending to depart this Province, for *London*, early in the Spring. Whoever refuses to comply with this Request, must expect Trouble, from

DARBY LUX.

THE Subscriber intending for *London* next Summer, and having a very good Assortment of *European* and *India* Goods, Rum, Sugar, Salt, very good *Florence* Oyl, and fine Bohea Tea at Twelve Shillings per Pound, will sell the aforesaid Goods at very reasonable Rates, for Paper Currency, Bills of Exchange, *Indian* Corn, Pork, or Inspected Tobacco.

Annapolis, Dec. 28, 1748. WILLIAM ROBERTS.

ALL Persons who have open Accounts with the Subscriber, are requested by him to settle the same, as soon as possibly they can: in doing which, they will oblige

Their humble Servant,

WILLIAM REYNOLDS.

CHOICE *Bohea Tea* to be Sold at the Subscriber's Shop in *Annapolis*, at Twelve Shillings per Pound.

WILLIAM REYNOLDS.

WHereas the Subscribers intend to depart this Province some Time next Spring; public Notice is hereby given, that they have for Sale a very valuable Tract of Land, situate on the south Side of *South* River, and adjoining to *London Town*, containing 1100 and odd Acres; upon which are three settled Plantations, two whereof the Subscribers now live on, and are in good Repair.

As also two other choice Tracts, containing 600 and odd Acres, lying in *Prince George's* County, about two Miles and a half from *Queen Anne*, whereon are two Negro Quarters, with Orchards, Tobacco Houses, *&c. &c. &c.*

Any Person inclining to purchase less than the whole, may have what Quantity they like, above 200 Acres. For Terms of Sale, apply to MORDECAI, RICHARD, and THOMAS MOORE.

TO BE SOLD,

BY the Subscriber, at the House of *John Campbell*, Pewterer, in *Annapolis*, Choice good *Barbadoes* Rum, white Powder Sugar, Muscovado Sugar, Coffee, Bohea Tea, Chocolate, and Candles; also very good fresh Limes; at reasonable Rates, for ready Money. MUNGO CAMPBELL.

ANY of the Inspecting Houses, which are not yet furnished with Weights; or any Merchants, or others, wanting Weights; may be supplied therewith, at the *Patuxent* Iron-Works, at reasonable Rates, by RICHARD SNOWDEN.

WATCHES, which have been left at the Subscriber's Shop in *Annapolis*, to be clean'd or mended, being ready long since to be deliver'd back to the Owners; Notice is hereby given, That if they are not call'd for and taken away, before the 25th of *March* next, they will (as the Subscriber is about to leave the Province) be sold, to pay the Charges due to JOHN INCH.

N. B. Some of the Watches have been in his Possession, and mended, above four Years.

THE Subscriber intending to set up the Business of a Tanner, at Mr. *Tassell's* Tan-Yard in *Annapolis*, has supplied himself with every Thing convenient for that Purpose; and will work at the following Prices; *viz.* Five Shillings for each Hide; Three Shillings for a Kip; and Two Shillings and Sixpence for a Calf-Skin. He also tans Bag Leather.

He may be applied to at Mr. *John Campbell's*, Taylor in the City of *Annapolis*; or at the said Tan-Yard.

JOHN MURRAY.

WHEREAS, *Hannah* the Wife of *Richard Norton*, junior, of *Charles-Town* in *Cecil* County, hath eloped from her said Husband: This is therefore to forewarn all Persons from trusting her on his Account, for he will not pay any Debts she shall contract from the Date hereof; as also from harbouring or entertaining her, on any Account whatsoever; as they will answer the contrary at their Peril.

December 9, 1748. RICHARD NORTON, junior.

ALL Persons that still remain indebted to the Estate of *Thomas Lloyd*, late of *Anne Arundel* County, deceased, are desired to pay their respective Ballances immediately; otherwise they will be proceeded against as the Law directs.

JAMES DICK.

ALMANACKS, for the Year 1749, to be Sold by the Printer hereof. Likewise Pocket Almanacks.

THIS is to give Notice, that there is at my Plantation at *Lingan Ore*, one large Black Horse, branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock D, only not so plain on the Buttock as Shoulder; he had on when he came there a Bell, marked thus, I HUTTON. Also a middle-siz'd Black Mare, with a Two Years old Black Colt, with a Slit in his Ear; she is branded on the near Shoulder N, and on the near Buttock O, a Blaze on her Forehead, with a Snip on her Nose, and one hind Foot white. Whoever applies to me at *Annapolis*, and proves his Property, may have them again, paying the Charge of this Advertisement. WILLIAM CUMMING.

N. B. They are very valuable Creatures.

STRAYED from the *Nottingham* Works, in *Baltimore* County, about the laſt of *September*, a middle-ſiz'd Bright-Bay Horſe; he has four white Feet, a Blaze in his Face, and is branded I S on the Buttock, and S I on the other: He was bred in *Prince George's* County, near Mr. *Oſborn Sprigg's*, and was ſome Time ago the Property of Mr. *John Skinner* of *Lower Marlborough*. Whoever takes up the ſaid Horſe and brings him to the Subſcriber at *Joppa*, ſhall have Twenty Shillings Reward, if taken up in *Baltimore* County; or if in any other County, Forty Shillings; from DAVID M'CULLOCH.

To be SOLD,

BY the Subſcriber, at *Cheſter-Town*, a very neat Chaiſe, and ſeveral Riding-Chairs, at very reaſonable Rates, for Sterling Money, or Paper Currency.

BENJAMIN BINNEY.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT *John Raitt* is removed from the Houſe over againſt Mr. *Bordley's* in *North-Eaſt* Street, to the Houſe where Mr. *Aſbury Sutton* lately lived, near the Dock in *Annapolis*; where he ſells all Sorts of *European* and *India* Goods, at the moſt reaſonable Rates. He likewiſe ſells Rum, Sugar, Melaſſes, *&c.* Alſo Dr. *James's* famous Fever Powders, Dr. *Hooper's* Female Pills, *Greenaugh's* Tincture for the Tooth-ach, and cleanſing of Teeth, and *Fryar's* Balſam; all patented by his Majeſty.

NOtice is hereby given, that *George Rouviere*, a *French* Surgeon, is lately arrived in this City, who has a POWDER, approved of by the Royal Academy of Sciences at *Paris*, which infallibly cures all manner of Fevers, whether conſtant or intermitting; and is much preferable to the Bark, as it leaves not thoſe Pains in the Stomach, and other Diſorders, behind it; as all thoſe who have taken it, and experienced it's Virtues, can teſtify; no leſs than thirty Perſons (being all who have taken it here) having been quite cured by it. This Powder likewiſe cures the Swelling of the Legs and Spleen, tho' of 6 or 7 Months Continuance, except it be turn'd to a Dropſy; with ſeveral other Maladies. And, that the Poor as well as Rich may be ſupplied with ſo excellent a Remedy, it is ſold at Three Shillings Currency each Paper; ſix Papers being generally ſufficient to perform the Cure; and in many Caſes, half that Number. This Powder is ſold, and the Doctor may be adviſed with, at the Sign of the *Indian King*, in *Annapolis*; where Printed Directions will be given *gratis* to ſuch as purchaſe the Powder.

NICHOLAS CLOUDS,

HEreby gives Notice to all Gentlemen and others, that he is removed from *Broad Creek* to *Cowpen Point*, on *Kent Iſland*; where they may depend on meeting with good Boats and skilful Hands, to croſs the Bay, and good Entertainment for themſelves and Horſes, from

Their humble Servant, NICHOLAS CLOUDS.

N. B. Gentlemen may find me almoſt any Day, at Mr. *Thomas Williamſon's* in *Annapolis*.

NOtice is hereby given, that the Subſcriber has removed from *John Campbell's*, to the Houſe oppoſite to Mr. *Macnemara's* in *Duke of Gloucester* Street, in *Annapolis*; where he makes and ſells as good Chocolate as was ever made in *England*, at 4*s.* 6*d.* per Pound; likewiſe *Scotch* Snuff, as good as any imported from *Europe*, at 2*s.* 6*d.* per Pound; and the beſt *French* Rappee Snuff, at 3*s.* per Pound. Conſtant Attendance is given at ſaid Houſe by ISAAC NAVARRO.

THE Commiſſioners of the Paper Currency Office hereby give Notice, that they will attend every Day at the ſaid Office (except Sundays), to take in old Paper Money, 'till the middle of *November*; and from thence 'till *Chriſtmas*, on every Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thurſday; and after *Chriſtmas*, on Monday, Tueſday, and Wedneſday, in every Week.

Signed by Order of the Commiſſioners,

Annapol. 2, 1748. RICHARD DOWNES, Clerk.

WILLIAM DIXON, STAY-MAKER,

AT his Houſe, oppoſite to *Edward Jennings's*, Eſqr in *Annapolis*, Makes and ſells all Sorts of Stays for Women and Girls, in the beſt and neweſt Manner, and at the moſt reaſonable Prices; for Ready Money only.

LATELY IMPORTED,

And to be SOLD by WILLIAM GODARD, *at his Houſe in* Annapolis, *very cheap, for ready Money, or Bart Corn*,

CHoice *Barbadoes* Rum, *New-England* Ditto, Muſcovado Sugar, Coffee, Iron-Pots, Iron Skillets, *New-England* Soap in ſmall Boxes, Train Oil, Rush-bottom Chairs, and a Parcel of ſtrong Oſnabrigs.

WHEREAS a Certain *John Charlett*, hath lately publiſhed in the MARYLAND GAZETTE, No. 176, alſo in ſeveral others, his Intention of going to *England* with the preſent Shipping; and hath, ſince that Time, abſented himſelf from my Service, to whom he is now a Servant, under Contract, at conſiderable yearly Wages; which contract he hath not performed, nor complied with, but left his ſaid Service, without giving me the leaſt Warning, to my very great Prejudice and Damage. He is harboured, encouraged, and maintained, by ſome Perſons in this Town; to whom I give this Public notice, that if they continue ſo to do, I ſhall take ſuch meaſures both with him and them, as the Law directs.

CHARLES COLE.

TO BE SOLD

BY the Subſcriber, Part of a Tract of Land called *Poſſitt's Part*, lying in the Fork of *Patuxent* River, in *Anne Arundel* County, about ſix Miles from Mr. *Sweeting's* Iron-Works) containing 350 Acres, all Wood-Land, and well timber'd, and good low Ground, for thoſe who are inclined to make Meadows. Whoever has a Mind to buy the ſame, may apply to the Subſcriber at Mrs. *Sarah Warfield's*, near the Head of *Severn* River, where a good Title to the ſaid Land ſhall be made by ABSOLUTE WARFIELD.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Ship Edinburgh, *Capt.* Ruſſell, *and to be Sold by the Subſcriber in* Baltimore-Town,

A MEN and womens velvets, black mantua and paduſoy ſilks, ſilk and worſted damaſks for furniture, Iriſh linens, oſnabrigs, Manchester cheques, kerſeys, half thicks, fearnoughts, duffels, bear ſkins, coarſe cloths, mills, cotton gowns, ſhip'd and plain flannel, Welch cotton, felt hats, cambricks, muſlins, men and womens ſhoes, ſtays, ſtockings, ironmongery, ſtationary, haberdaſhery, and cutlery wares; powder and ſhot; with ſundry other Things too tedious to mention; to be ſold by Wholeſale or Retail, for Ready Money, Bills of Exchange, Tobacco, Walnut Plank, *Indian* Corn, Beaves, Wheat, Flour, Pork, Tallow, or Skins.

Likewiſe to be ſold, *Weſt-India* Rum, ſingle and double refined Sugar, Coffee, Chocolate, Pepper, and exceeding good Teas at 15*s.* per Pound.

JOHN STEVENSON.

TO BE SOLD,

By the Subſcriber, for Paper Money, or Tobacco,

A Good Tract of Land, containing about 420 Acres, lying on the Waggon-Road near *Severn* Bridge, convenient for inland Trade, or any public Buſineſs. It conſiſts of two Plantations; on one of which is a good new Dwelling-Houſe, 52 Feet long, with three Story Chimneys, plank'd above and below, with two Rooms lath'd with Plank; a Meat-houſe, Meat-houſe, Corn-houſe, Stable, Barn, a good Well, and an Orchard planted with about 300 Trees; about 50 Acres of the Land is under Fence, clear'd, and fit for plowing; with a great deal of rich Bottom, and 4 or 5 Acres of Meadow Ground. The other Plantation contains about 30 Acres of clear'd Ground, with a Dwelling-Houſe 30 Feet by 20, and a 30 Feet Tobacco-houſe. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may view the Premiſes, and know the Price, by applying to the Printer hereof, or HERMAN CHAMBERS.

The Purchaſer may likewiſe be ſupplied with Cattle, Horſes, Hogs, Sheep, Corn, Fodder, *&c.* by the ſaid Chambers.

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